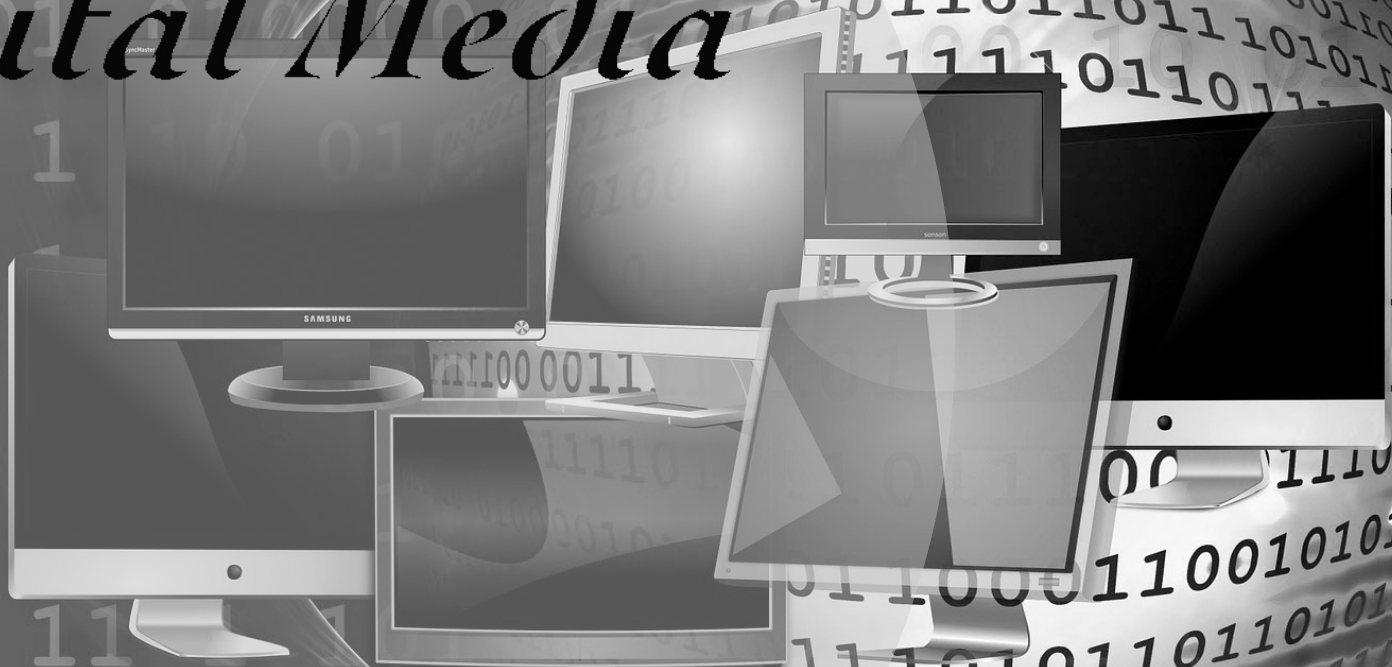




**ExplorNet's**

# *Digital Media*



Objective 205.03

Execute advanced production methods to create digital audio.

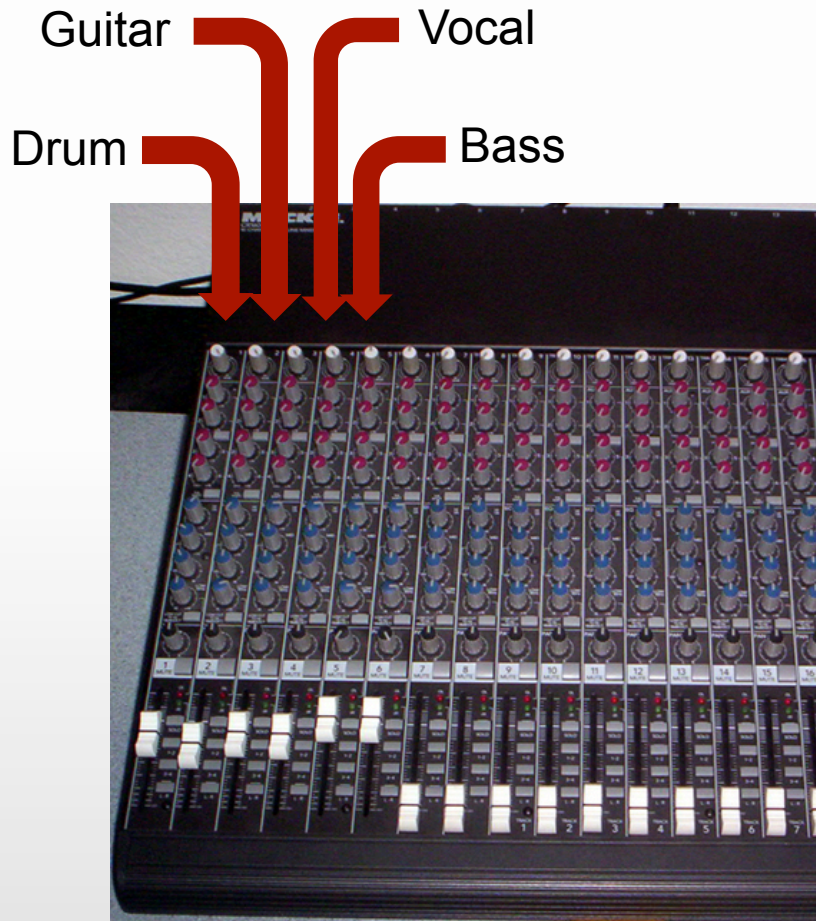


# DM **LIVE AUDIO TECHNIQUES**

- When working with live audio a mixing console is typically used.



# DM AUDIO INPUT



- Each microphone or audio input is connected to the mixer to be adjusted in a channel.

# DM CHANNEL PROCESS



- No matter how many channels an audio mixing board has, each channel works the same way.
  - The sound enters through the audio gain area.
  - The sound is edited with the EQ and the Aux section.
  - The volume control for the channel before it is mixed is the fader.



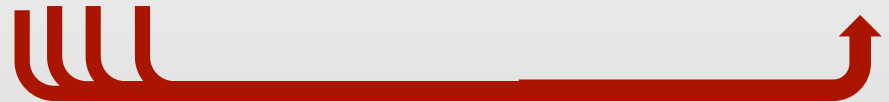
# AUDIO ADJUSTMENTS



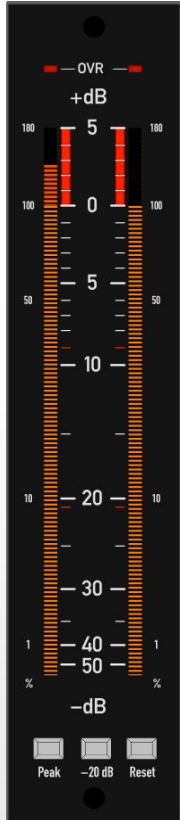
- The gain controls how much audio is coming in, and the fader controls how much sound is coming out.
- The gain should be set, then EQ and Aux adjusted for a proper sound.
- To control the volume of that channel after Gain, EQ and Aux are set, only the fader should be used. Adjusting the gain will cause the EQ and Aux to be re-calibrated.

# DM MASTER AREA

- Once each channel is set, they all are fed into a master area.
- From the master area; mixed sound goes to performers' headsets, the mixer's headphones, speakers and recording devices.



# DM VU METER



Digital VU Meter



Analog VU Meter

- It is important to watch the VU meter in the master section of the mixing console.
- If the volume goes into the red area often, or remains in the red area, there is the possibility of audio distortion.



# ***QUESTIONS TO CONSIDER***

- Why is it important to monitor the audio during a live performance?
- Can you think of examples when live audio would need to be monitored and how the circumstances might require different audio levels?



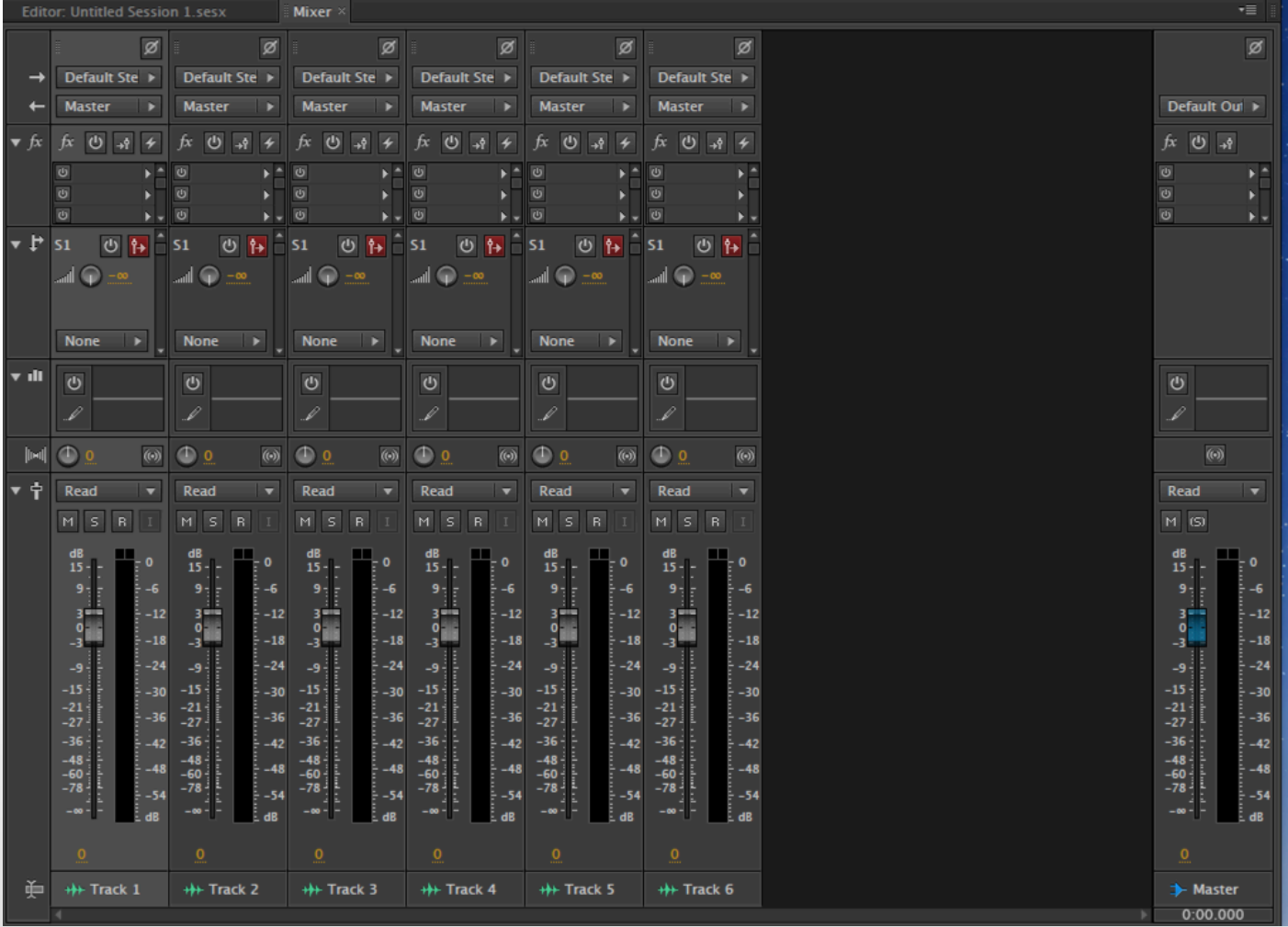


# *DM* **ADOBE AUDITION**

- The work area in Adobe Audition (or other sound editing programs) can be configured to simulate an analog mixer.
- Instead of feeding live microphones in for each channel, Audition displays each recorded element on a channel.



# DM ADOBE AUDITION



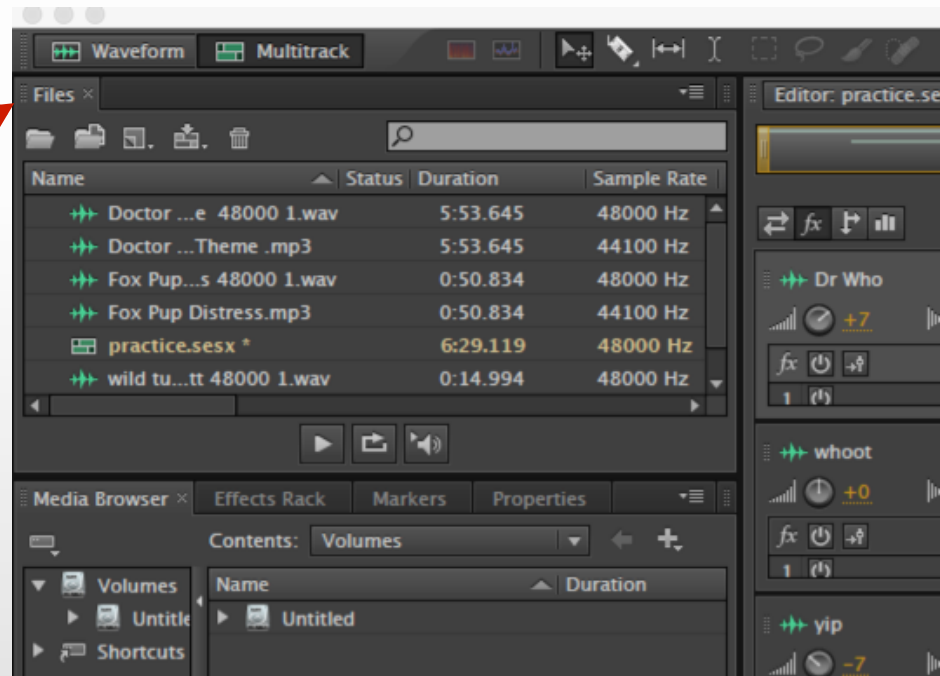
# DM LINEAR CONFIGURATION

- The file can also be set up in a linear configuration.



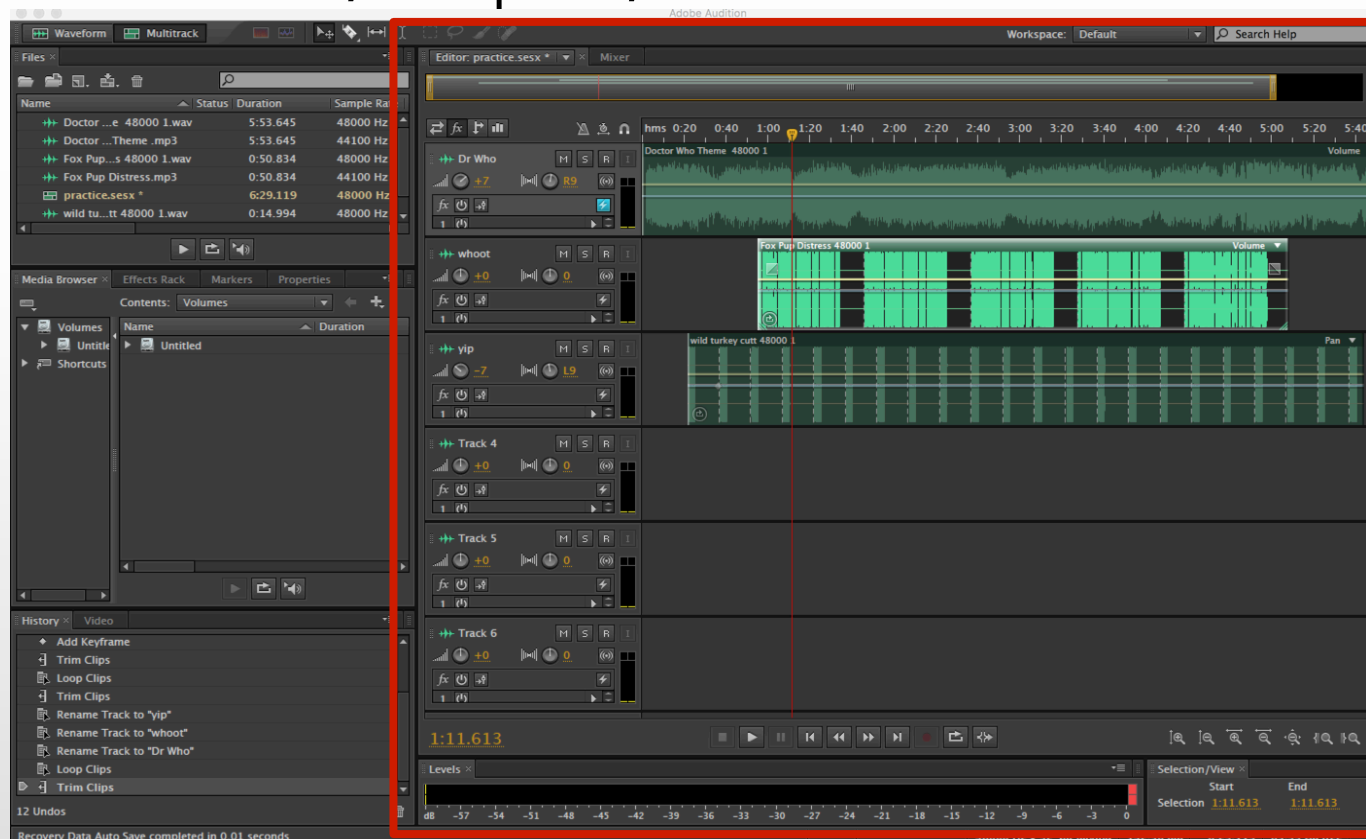
# DM FILES BIN

- Audio files to work with are stored in the "Files" Bin.



# DM TIMELINE EDITOR

- Audio can be placed on the timeline editor to be trimmed, looped, faded in and out.





## ***QUESTIONS TO CONSIDER***

- Why is it important to understand how the mixing console works compared to a digital audio editing software?
- Where does the majority of the audio editing process occur in Adobe Audition?



# **DM** **EDITING AUDIO**

- Trimming
  - Cutting part of an audio clip from either end.
- Looping
  - Causes the audio to repeat until stopped.
- Fade In/Out
  - A gradual increase/decrease of volume.

# DM EXPORTING AUDIO

○ Audio can be exported in a variety of formats including:

- .AIFF
- .MP2
- .MP3
- .MP4
- .MOV
- .WAV

